

M'ADOO IN CHARGE AT RIOT.

Whites and Blacks Fight in Eleven Blocks Between Amsterdam and West End Aves.

OVER 250 POLICEMEN TURNED OUT.

Hundreds of Pistol Shots Fired—Rain of Missiles from Roofs—Negroes Seek Refuge on Cars.

Commissioner McAdoo started out at 11:45 o'clock last night to take personal command of the police force which was trying to subdue a riot that had called out seventy-five policemen. At that hour, three hours after the riot started, the reserves of five precincts were still on guard in the disturbed district, not daring to leave it unprotected. The theatre of war was bounded by 61st-st., Amsterdam-ave., 63d-st. and West End-ave. The district is popularly known as "San Juan Hill," because of its distinction as a fighting ground.

The fight began in some boys' persecution of a poor old man who makes a living by buying and selling old clothes. He entered the district shortly after 7 p. m., and, knowing the danger there from past experiences, begged the company of Henry W. Williams, a colored lad, of No. 222 West 62d-st. Williams had before shown kindness to the old white man, and he readily accompanied him. Williams does not know his name, but he lives at No. 157 East Houston-st. At 63d-st. and Amsterdam-ave. several boys began to throw stones at the old man. Edward Connelly, seventeen years old, of No. 221 West 60th-st., not satisfied with attacking the old man, made a rush at Williams, and there was a lively fight. Stones were thrown, hurled by Connelly's friends, and Williams was badly cut. Patrolman Burroughs arrived in time to save Williams from a worse beating, and took Connelly to the West 68th-st. station. Williams had to be sent to Roosevelt Hospital.

On the way to the station house Burroughs was attacked by Connelly's friends, who threw bricks and bottles not only from the streets, but from windows and roofs. With the greatest difficulty the policeman got his prisoner to the station, where he was charged with inciting a riot.

In the meantime the reserves had been turned out of the West 68th-st. station, and there was open war in the district. In the streets whites and blacks engaged in desperate struggles wherever they met, while from roofs and windows a fusillade of all sorts of missiles poured down on fighters and police, black and white alike.

A mob of a hundred men and boys grew quickly to one of five hundred men and boys and women and then to one of a thousand. In three blocks there was not a quiet spot, not a place where a man could stand without danger to life and limb. Hurry orders were sent to the West 20th-st., West 27th-st., West 47th-st. and West 10th-st. stations, and some seventy-five policemen formed about the district, while on the outskirts were half a dozen patrol wagons.

With great difficulty the police picked from among the fighters Barney O'Neill, sixteen years old, of No. 52 Amsterdam-ave.; David Crosby, colored, thirty-five years old, of No. 59 West 78th-st.; and Louis Argote, colored, twenty-two years old, of No. 345 West 50th-st. They were followed by howling crowds to the station house, where they, too, were charged with inciting a riot.

POLICE LINES FORMED.

The police formed lines across 61st, 62d and 63d sts., at West End and Amsterdam ayes, trying to hem in the rioters. The worst of the fighting seemed to be in 62d-st., where from every window and from every roof missiles rained, while hundreds of shots were fired. That no one was killed was amazing, in view of the number of pistols discharged. Roundsman Patrick Walsh was one of the first policemen to enter the danger zone, in 62d-st. He was literally jumped on by Joseph B. Smith, a colored man, who leaped from a step. When the policeman was down the negro attempted in vain to shoot him, and, failing in that, struck

CLEVER RUSE FAILS.

Inventive Genius of Telegraph Operator Awakens Whole Town.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]
Cincinnati, July 14.—The inventive genius of a night operator on the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railroad this morning aroused and frightened the residents of Hartwell, almost wrecked his station, offended an engineer and caused detectives to be detailed whose investigation resulted in a ten-day vacation for the operator.

For three hours after midnight there are no trains and the operators along the line try to get in a little sleep. The great anxiety is to wake up in time to give the morning flyer the "blow." Failure to do this would mean suspension.

The Hartwell operator strung a rope between two telegraph poles, many yards below the station, extending them over spools to his desk. On these he hung a coal bucket loaded with rocks. He figured that the train would cut the rope and the rocks fall with a din.

This morning the ruse used was too heavy to be cut. The bucket of rocks was jerked out of the operator's window, taking sash and all. It then swung into a residence, crashing the glass in a door, and took up its clattering way down the tie.

Half the town was awakened in a fright. The cry "fire" pulled up after eight miles of the din, and, finding a cat tied to its pet, "210," made a loud and long complaint. Detective Hart, the railroad sleuth, with the battered bucket and trayed rope, located the inventor of the effective alarm.

WED BUT LOST ESTATE.

Rich Candy Merchant Disinherits Son Who Married Dancer.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]
Pittsburgh, July 14.—The will of the late Jacob S. Reymor, the candy merchant, was filed here to-day, and it was found that his only son, Samuel S., who some time ago offended his father by marrying Nellie Paris, a poor dancing girl, has practically been disinherited.

The son, who has had thousands yearly, has been cut off with an income of \$30,000 for life, after which the \$20,000 goes to the estate. An only sister enjoys the bulk of the estate.

The will was made on March 10, 1905, just four days after S. S. Reymor, the son, defied his father by marrying Nellie Paris. Mr. Reymor died a few days ago while his son was in Denver. Where the son and his wife now are is not known.

DEWEY'S GRAPE JUICE AND PORT WINE.

Will bring a smile of joy to your sick. Dewey & Sons Co., 125 Fulton St., New York.



THE EQUITABLE TRUSTEES.



Taken at the board's last meeting. From left to right, Ex-President Grover Cleveland, Jr., Justice Morgan J. O'Brien and George Westinghouse.

PEACE AND THE CANAL.

TOPICS AT OYSTER BAY.

Takahira Sees President—Shonts Speaks on Isthmian Affairs.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Oyster Bay, July 14.—Peace plans and the Isthmian problems claimed President Roosevelt's attention this afternoon. Mr. Takahira, the Japanese Minister, talked with him about the settlement of the war in the East, and Chairman T. P. Shonts, and Chief Engineer J. F. Stevens of the Panama Canal Commission discussed with him matters pertaining to the great task on the Isthmus. All three men came in on the 12:30 p. m. train from New-York. Mr. Takahira returned on the 2:15 train, and the canal officials left Oyster Bay at 4:20. J. T. Hines, Auditor of Porto Rico, was also a guest at Sagamore Hill during the afternoon, partaking of luncheon with the President and the other guests, and leaving with Messrs. Shonts and Stevens.

"I am very glad indeed," said Mr. Takahira, "that the President has appointed Count Witte to act as chief Peace Plenipotentiary. He is an able man, none abler, I believe, in the Russian Empire, and his wide experience and great talents fit him admirably for the work. The President and I merely had a general talk over matters of mutual interest. No, I do not know the exact date of our meeting at Oyster Bay. That will have to be determined when we learn the exact time of arrival of all the commissioners. Mr. Komura, will, I believe, reach New-York about July 20. Count Witte may get there a couple of days earlier. Everything seems to be progressing favorably. The President seems to be in excellent health and spirits." Mr. Takahira lit another cigarette, bowed, and went on board his train.

When Chairman Shonts and Engineer Stevens reached the station it was some ten minutes before train time, and the chairman talked interestingly of the canal work to the newspaper correspondents who surrounded him.

Mr. Stevens took a seat on a stone post within a few feet of the little group, and occasionally nodded his head in approbation of the chairman's remarks, but did not add any suggestions of his own. Mr. Shonts said:

The President had not met Mr. Stevens, and as he is to sail with me on July 20, wished to get acquainted with him, and have a talk about a number of matters in the canal. I have some twelve thousand men actually employed on the work now, and that number will be increased as rapidly as we can get the laborers and the scope of the work will allow. Until we know exactly what sort of a canal is to be built, however, we will not be able to take all our big contracts. The consulting engineers will have a meeting in the fall, and when they meet together the commission will submit to them the various plans and figures bearing on the different styles of cuts.

Under the law which authorizes the work we are required to build a lock canal, but if the meeting of engineers should decide that a sea level canal is preferable, and the commission in turn should endorse that view, and the President should see things in the same light, I have no doubt that Congress would amend the statute so that the alteration could be made. Congress will undoubtedly carry out the President's wishes in this regard, as he is the real builder of the canal.

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FORGERY, BARRETT SAYS.

Minister to Colombia Accuses Secretary of Theft.

Arthur E. Alexander, private secretary to John Barrett, United States Minister to Colombia, was arraigned before Magistrate Breen in the Jefferson Market court yesterday charged with forgery.

Alexander was held in \$1,000 bail for examination to-day, and, not being able to give bail, was locked up in the court prison.

Alexander was arrested yesterday morning at the Brighton Beach Hotel. His wife, a bride of a few weeks, was with him.

Mr. Barrett said that on July 6 his typewriter was taken from his room in the Waldorf-Astoria and on the day following two checks were returned to him. One was for \$75, drawn on the Chemical National Bank, and had been cashed by the hotel clerk, who said it had been given to him by Alexander. The second check was for \$33.60, and had been similarly cashed by the clerk of the St. Paul, where Alexander and his wife had lived for ten days.

Alexander is said to be a member of one of the best known families in this country, but neither Minister Barrett nor the detectives would give any information about the case more than the few details which came out in the brief court hearing. Minister Barrett accuses Alexander of forging both checks and stealing the typewriter.

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AHLE HELD FOR JURY.

COULD NOT FIND BAIL.

Well Known Persons Subscribed for "America's Smart Set."

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Charles H. Ahle, the canvasser for the Society Editors' Association, who was arrested on Edwin M. Post's charge of attempted extortion, was held for the grand jury, after an examination yesterday before Magistrate McAvoy. He was sent back to the Tumb to await indictment, not being able to furnish \$2,500 bail.

Deputy Assistant District Attorney Krotel, who was prosecuting Ahle, said in court that at least three additional complaints against the prisoner would be submitted to the grand jury.

William M. Daniels, treasurer of the Society Editors' Association, was summoned before Mr. Krotel again yesterday afternoon and produced the books of the concern. They showed that subscriptions for its "America's Smart Set" began to come in on July 30, 1904, and that the first was by J. J. Astor for \$500. Later, the books show, Mr. Astor gave another subscription of \$500. The subscriptions vary between \$100 and \$1,000, but the majority are for \$500. The total of the subscriptions paid in up to the beginning of the present month is \$26,700.

The books show that in the distribution of the money Moses Ellis Wooster, the head and front of the association, received \$13,721, and that Charles Stokes Wayne, editor of "Town Topics," Mr. Wooster's sole partner, received \$2,400. Daniels, who was made treasurer because he lent \$1,000 to Wooster to start the enterprise, got back his \$1,000 and \$1,500 more. Daniels said yesterday that he had resigned his office in the association and was out of it for good.

Ahle and a few other canvassers received \$6,000, the largest part of that sum going to Ahle as the New-York canvasser. The printing company hired to get out the limited edition of "America's Smart Set" received only \$263.50. The remaining disbursements were mostly for office expenses, and the total disbursements were \$20,655.98, nearly the entire amount of the subscriptions.

All the names of wealthy and well known subscribers on the list found in Ahle's possession at the time of his arrest appear on the books. Some of the other names in the books, with the amounts of their subscriptions, are the following:

J. B. Haggin, \$500; James Hobart Moore, \$500; W. B. Leeds, \$500; Mrs. Harry S. Black, \$500; Theodore F. Bonta, \$500; William F. Havemeyer, \$500; Frank Thiford, \$500; Mrs. J. L. Riker, \$500; F. Ziegfeld, \$500; 180 Mrs. Howard Gould, \$1,000; Thomas Walsh, Wash., \$1,000; Edith E. Hagan, \$500; Clarence Mackay, \$500; Harold McCormick, \$500; James W. Gerard, \$500; Ogden Armour, \$500; James C. Coogan, \$500; Mrs. E. G. Hubbard, \$500; Ex-Judge E. H. Gary, \$500; L. M. Waterbury, \$500; Isaac Gugehem, \$500.

Beneath the entry of the name of James Hobart Moore was the note: "Paid direct to M. E. W. and used by him." The entry of Mr. Coogan's name contained the note: "For seven lines in the Newport Intendant."

Daniels said that the net profits of "Fads and Fancies," the subscription book planned by Wooster and published by the "Town Topics" Company, were \$90,000, the printing and other expenses amounting to \$90,000. The profits, he said, were divided equally between the "Town Topics" Company and Wooster. When the lists had been closed, and about a dozen of the subscriptions were still unpaid, he said Wooster asked Colonel Mann, publisher of "Town Topics," to buy his interest. Colonel Mann refused, and Daniels bought Wooster's claim for \$7,500, making \$500 in the transaction, he said.

Wooster was called again before Mr. Krotel, and said Colonel Mann refused to go into the "America's Smart Set" scheme because he wanted more than Wooster thought it wise to pay. Wooster added:

I wrote him a letter, however, and asked him again about the matter, as he had asked for a little time. I said I could not wait much longer for his decision, and that unless I heard from him by a certain date I should consider that he did not want to go on with the book. I did not hear from him by the time specified, and so dismissed any thought from my mind about going on with him. Then I went ahead with the "America's Smart Set" myself.

At the examination of Ahle yesterday Mr. Post testified to being threatened by the prisoner with the publication in "Town Topics" of a scandalous story, and, on cross-examination by Abraham Levy, Ahle's counsel, he said he feared the effect of the publication of such a story.

Were you aware of the moral turpitude involved? I certainly was. Did you tell him so? Repeatedly. Did you call on any person in authority in "Town Topics" for an explanation? I did not. Did you write to them? I did not. Why didn't you go to the office of "Town Topics"? Because I hoped to get evidence to land the whole crowd in jail. Who do you mean by the whole crowd? I mean Wayne.

Detective Sergeant Flood, of the District Attorney's office, testified that just before Ahle's arrest, he overheard this remark made by Ahle: "Town Topics" receives its money principally from its suppression of stories."

BIRMINGHAM, ALA., THROUGH PULLMAN. Service: Via P. R. R. and Seaboard Air Line Ry. leaves New-York 12:25 noon; arrives Birmingham next day 9:25 p. m. Office 112 Broadway.—Adv.

TWELVE NEW DIRECTORS.

THREE MORE RESIGN.

Mr. Herrick and Dr. Butler Elected to Equitable Board.

Twelve new Equitable directors, including D. Cady Herrick, Nicholas Murray Butler, Charles E. Littlefield, of Maine, Nevada N. Stranahan, James McMahon and Louis Stern, were elected at a meeting of the directorate yesterday. The resignations were accepted of F. G. Bourne, General Louis Fitzgerald, ex-president of the Mercantile Trust Company, and Horace C. Deming, who is now president of that institution. Mr. Bourne, who was only elected at the last meeting, gave "press of personal business" as the reason for his resignation.

In certain contingencies it is expected that District Attorney Jerome will have a subpoena duces tecum served on Superintendent Hendricks to compel that official to produce an official copy of the testimony recently taken before Mr. Hendricks in his Equitable inquiry.

All the directors chosen yesterday had been recommended by the board of trustees after full consideration, it was said, with policyholders.

THE NEW DIRECTORS. The names of those elected and their terms of office follow:

To fill vacancies in terms expiring December 31, 1906: Wallace L. Pierce, of Boston. Daniel A. Tomkins, of Charlotte, N. C. Thomas Spratt, of Ogdensburg, N. Y. Louis Stern. Frank S. Withers, of Port Henry, N. Y. James McMahon. To fill vacancies in terms expiring December 31, 1907: Willis F. McCook, of Pittsburgh. Charles E. Littlefield, of Maine. To fill vacancies expiring December 31, 1907: Nevada N. Stranahan. D. Cady Herrick. To fill vacancies in terms expiring on December 31, 1908: Nicholas Murray Butler. Charles Candler, of Philadelphia.

Some twenty directors were at the meeting. Virtually no business was transacted beyond the election of the twelve new directors and the acceptance of the three resignations. It was specifically denied that any action had been taken looking to a reorganization of the executive committee. No announcement was made of any appointments to fill the vacancies caused by the acceptance of the resignations of President Alexander, First Vice-President Hyde, Fourth Vice-President McIntyre and other officers.

Excluding the names of those twelve elected yesterday, the board of directors as it now stands is composed of Paul Morton, J. W. Alexander, Chauncey M. Depew, Thomas D. Jordan, V. F. Snyder, Alvin W. Kreh, William Alexander, John J. McCook, James B. Forgan, C. Ledyard Blair, M. E. Ingalls, James H. Hyde, Sir William C. Van Hone, Gage E. Tarbell, C. R. Alexander, T. DeWitt Cuyler, J. F. de Navarro, Brahm